

OD TORKA DO PETKA, TJA 8/ 3

→ prebereš besedilo (še enkrat) v UČ na str. 108 Have you done the hoovering yet?

→ V zvezek si prepíšeš Remember box na isti strani, naslov Present perfect

→ v zvezek rešiš UČ str. 109 nalogo 3. a, za vsako slikico napišeš tako kot v primeru, 2 povedi in dodaš NOT YET/ YET/ STILL/ ALREADY/ JUST

(The dishes are clean. She HAS JUST WASHED the dishes. The bath is dirty. She hasn't cleaned the bath YET.)

→ v DZ rešiš str. 98 nalogo 3 in 4 in DZ str. 100 nalogo 6 ter 7 na strani 101 (rešene naloge poslikaš in mi jih pošlješ na mail [nastja.muller@guest.arnes.si](mailto:nastja.muller@guest.arnes.si))

→ VSE prepisi v zvezek

## THE PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE TENSE

### 1. TVORBA

+ OSEBA+ HAVE/ HAS + glagol v past participle (pretekli deležnik/ 3. oblika) + ...

Pravilni glagoli: dodaš samo končnico -ed

I have cleaned my room.

You have cleaned your room.

He has cleaned his room.

She has cleaned her room.

It has cleaned my room.

We have cleaned our rooms.

You have cleaned your rooms.

They have cleaned their rooms.

Nepravilni glagoli: 3. oblika

I have done my homework.

You have made the beds.

He has read the book.

She has swept the yard.

It has eaten everything.

We have hung the clothes outside.

You have taken my bag.

They have broken my pencil.

-: OSEBA+ HAVE/ HAS + NOT + glagol v past participle (pretekli deležnik/ 3. oblika) + ...

I haven't cleaned my room.

You haven't made the bed.

He hasn't read the book

She hasn't swept the yard.

It hasn't cleaned the room.

We haven't hung the coats.

You haven't cleaned the rooms.

They haven't broken my pencil.

?: HAVE/ HAS + OSEBA + glagol v past participle (pretekli deležnik/ 3. oblika) + ... ?

Have I cleaned my room?

Have you read the book?

Has he made the beds?

Has she done the homework?

Has it done the laundry?

Have we cleaned the rooms?

Have you done the laundry?

Have they called you?

## 2. RABA

→ ko želimo povedati, da je dejanje, ki se je zgodilo v preteklosti povezano s sedanostjo. Zgodilo se je v preteklosti, stanje, posledica ali rezultat pa je viden v sedanosti.

KONČANO DEJANJE: I have broken my leg.

REZULTAT: My leg is broken.

### 3. ČASOVNI IZRAZI

Present perfect se uporablja z YET, ALREADY, STILL, JUST.

→ v zvezek zapiši 3 povedi za vsak časovni izraz zgoraj (tri za yet, tri za already...)

→ vse, povezano s časom Present perfect imaš zapisano tudi v UČ na str. 116, 117; v zvezek pa rešiš str. 117 in sicer zadnjo nalogo, kjer manjkajo informacije, v katerih povedih (trdilne, nikalne, vprašalne) uporabimo katere časovne izraze (prepiši v zvezek)

→ prepisano snov (iz Word dokumenta in dopolnjene povedi) poslikaš in pošlješ na moj mail naslov [nastja.muller@guest.arnes.si](mailto:nastja.muller@guest.arnes.si)

→ začneš se učiti 3. obliko glagolov, ki jih imaš v UČ str. 198 in 199 (Past participle) – znanje glagolov bomo preverjali v šoli!

LEPO DELAJTE IN OSTANITE ZDRAVI 😊